

"The Role and Value of CSP in the SA Power System"

at Africa New Energy 7th March 2017

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Stellenbosch University

Stellenbosch University

Agenda

- 1. CSP Situation in South Africa
- 2. Value of CSP with storage
- Intention to get CSP back into the Integrated Resource Plan (IRP)





Status of CSP plants in South Africa

Window 1 (150 MW)

Kaxu - 100 MW trough - Abengoa Khi - 50 MW tower - Abengoa

Window 2 (50 MW)

Bokpoort - 50 MW trough - ACWA

Window 3 (200 MW)

Xina - 100 MW trough - Abengoa Ilangalethu 1 - 100 MW trough - Emvelo

Window 3.5 (200 MW)

Kathu - 100 MW trough - Engie

Redstone - 100 MW tower - ACWA+Solar Reserve

Annual sum of direct normal irradiation, average 1934-2010

(1400 1550 1760 1850 2000 2150 2300 2450 2800 2750 2900) Wilhing

Boundary Johannesburg

Welkom

Shlangu

Richard Bay

Postermanizburg

Mownessurg

Ourrhan

Postermanizburg

Mownessurg

Ourrhan

Postermanizburg

Mownessurg

Ourrhan

Postermanizburg

Post Elizabeth

Window 4.5 (450 MW): All waiting for response from government!

IRP Update presentation Nov. 2016

Cumulative Capacity from Procured Determinations

			F	enewables						Import		
	PV	Wind		Coal	Gas	Hydro	Nuclear	Co-Gen				
2016	1328	1373	200	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2017	1478	1994	300	13	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	11
2018	1842	2378	600	13	14	17	-	-	-	-	-	-
2019	2412	3188	1050	28	59	142	25	-	-	-	-	-
2020	2811	4006	1050	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2021	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	900	-	-	-	-

And no further CSP in future !!! ???





Cost in IRP 2016 proposal

Generic Technologies Levelised Cost at 8.2%Discount Rate

			Renev	vables	K
CSP Trough 3 hours storage	CSP Trough 6 hours storage	CSP Trough 9 hours storage	CSP Tower 3 hours storage	CSP Tower 6 hours storage	CSP Tower 9 hours storage
32	40	44	34	42	48
2887.56	2796.32	3068.50	2585.85	2379.06	2335.93

 Numbers of 2.3 to 3.0
 R/kWh are much too high?!





			Base Load	Mid Merit					
	Coal PF	Coal FBC	Coal Pulverized with CCS Coal IGCC		Nuclear (DoE)	E) CCGT Internal Combustion Engine (ICE)		Internal Combustion Engine (ICE) 10MW	
Typical Load Factor (%)	86	86	86	86	90	36	36	36	
Levelisea Cost (R/MWh)	862.50	888.54	1514.35	1292.85	970.81	1183.22	1615.55	1620.39	

		Sto	Peaking				
	Sto. age	Lithium- lon_1hrs Storage	Lithium- Ion_3hrs Storage	CAES_8hrs Storage	OCGT	Demand Response	
Typical Load Factor (%)	22	2	6	20	6	1.5	
Levelised Cost (R/MWh)	1390.32	8751.11	5615.52	2015.36	2993.97	1362.66	

					Renewables											
	Wind	e Silicon	PV, Crystallin e Silicon Tracking	Concentr ated PV	CSP Trough 3 hours storage	CSP Trough 6 hours storage	CSP Trough 9 hours storage	CSP Tower 3 hours storage	CSP Tower 6 hours storage	CSP Tower 9 hours storage	Biomass Forestry Residue	Biomass MSW	Landfill Gas	Biogas	Bagasse Felixton	Bagasse Gen
Typical Load Factor (%)	36	24	22	22	32	40	44	34	42	48	70	70	80	80	50	50
Levelised Cost (R/MWh)	805.30	931.24	1087.645	2425.812	2007 55	2206 22	3059 50	200 202	2220.06	2225 02	1835.90	3203.67	732.58	1213.05	2381.23	2210.51

This is where the desaster began - Reasons?

- Maybe the nuclear deal?
- Maybe the numbers used by DoE were outdated?
- Maybe CSP is too expensive?
- Maybe because the sun shines only during daytime?
- Maybe CSP industry slept nice and deeply?
- Maybe the dispatchability and operational flexibility of CSP plants were not acknowledged properly?
- Maybe hidden agendas?
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Agenda

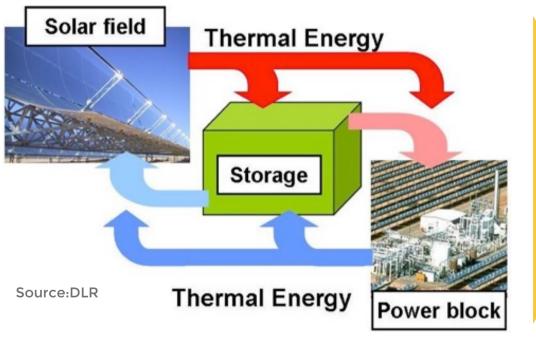
- 1. CSP Situation in South Africa
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2. Value of CSP with storage

The main advantage of CSP technology against other RES as PV or wind power is the capability to **provide dispatch-able power** by storing solar energy through thermal energy storage.



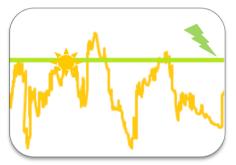
Flexible and predictable electricity production on demand





2. Value of CSP with storage

Additional benefits: Flexible and predictable electricity generation



Avoidance of production interruptions resulting from the intermittency of solar radiation



Generation of solar power decoupled from weather conditions and time



Shifting of power generation to periods of highest demand



24 h/d continuous production capability



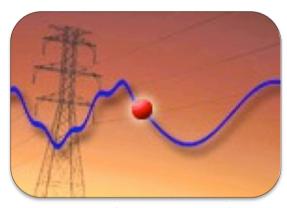


2. Value of CSP with storage

Additional benefits for the Eskom power system:



Regulation and frequency response



Support for power quality



Contribution to system flexibility supporting the integration of other RE sources

There is a need CSP plants for grid stabilization!





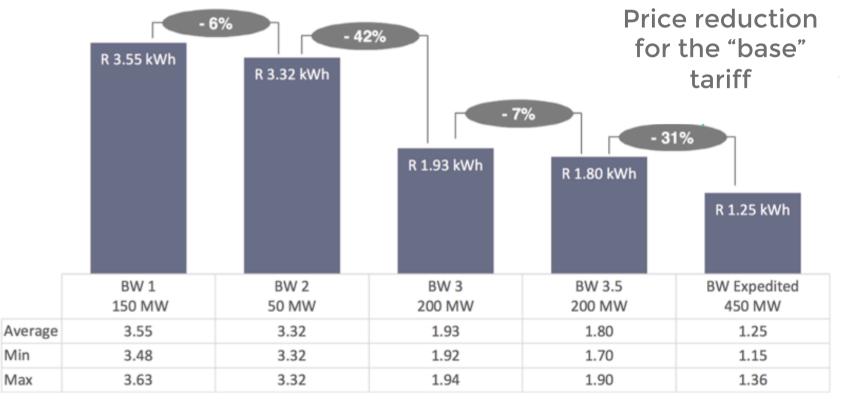
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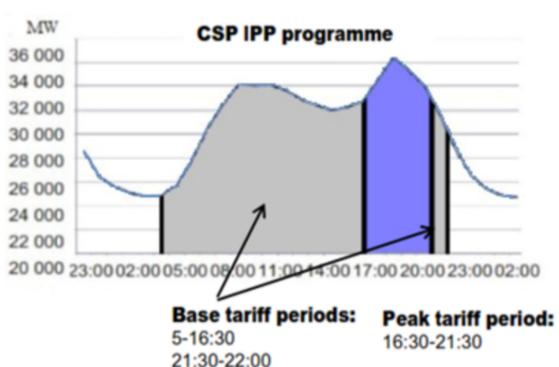
Price trend in CSP R/kWh (April 2016) Bid windows







Bid window structure from BW3 onwards



- Peak tariff is 2.7 times base tariff
- No payments at night time for electricity production





Technical benefits from CSP with storage

- 24 h production and high load factors to 99 % possible (NREL) like in coal fired or nucelar or combined cycle gas plants
- CSP effectively contributes to the grid stability (inertia, etc.)
- Higher shares of RE technologies (PV+Wind) possible
- Fully flexible and reliable electricity production
- Free fuel supply forever from the sun
- •
- "Golden end" because long lifetime after payback period





Macroeconomic benefits from CSP

- Higher local content creates GDP contribution
- SA Industry gets involved more and more as CSP suppliers
- Job creation (regional and in the whole country)
- Economical development (maintenance, spares, etc.)
- Less unemployment subsidies and more tax income
- Attraction of investment of already R 53 Billion for 600 MW of CSP approved in SA
- The South African CSP industry has advanced to a stage of maturity with demonstrated increases in local content of CSP plants beyond the REIPPP programme goals.





Costs for CSP are falling

- A 110 MW CSP plant with 17.5 hours of storage, partly hybridized with PV, was recently selected in Chile with a PPA of \$110/MWh
- \$64/MWh has been offered by a CSP plant in the most recent auction 2016 in Chile
- In the Dubai tender process 2016 announcing a goal of \$80/ MWh for a 200 MW CSP Plants 30 promoters have presented their expressions of interest. Several are already prequalified.

That means: CSP costs are coming down seriously





International WS organized by CRSES on 16th Jan 2017

- Centre for Renewable and Sustainable Energy Studies (CRSES)
 organized an international Workshop on
 "The Role and Value of CSP in the South African Power System"
- Participants: NREL, DLR, TH Aachen, CSIR, STERG and industry
- A number of studies were presented at the meeting, which investigated the South African power system, using different methodologies and parameter assumptions
- The outcomes independently indicate that in all cost-optimized scenarios there is no requirement to build new coal or nuclear plants in South Africa.
- Find all workshop presentations: www.crses.sun.ac.za





3. CSP needs to be in IRP for the future!

Because: Summary

- CSP can deliver base, mid and peak load and is much more flexible than coal fired and nuclear power plants
- LCOEs are still higher than for PV/wind but CSP has additional values
- LCOE should not be the only value to compare CSP with other RE electricity producing technologies
- CSP has special values for grid operation and is real installed capacity
- Research in CSP will continue to reduce costs but we need it fast!
- Support from researchers can help also during operation
- SA can make the change to become a real CSP-Nation





CSP is the large scale power plant technology for the future Summary

- CSP technology can play a significant role in a cost optimized South African power system
- CSP has technical merits, which add value to the power system that should be allocated in the coming IRP
- LCOE of CSP are coming down so that CSP can be compatible with new coal and nucelar plants in SA in the future

What to do:

- Make people aware of the benefits of CSP technologies!
- Lets get CSP back to IRP to support SA industry and get flexible power production to the SA grid
- Because an appropriate allocation of CSP in the IRP is required to sustain the local industry
- SA can make the change to become a real CSP-Nation

