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## Thermal storage in packed beds of rock

K.G. Allen, T.W. von Backström, D.G. Kröger STERG Symposium – 18<sup>th</sup> July 2013









Feasibility of packed beds of rock for thermal storage:

Packed bed pressure drop characteristics

- Prediction ?
- Particle shape, roughness, alignment ?

Packed bed thermal characteristics

- Heat transfer coefficient (thermocline)
- Particle shape, roughness, alignment ?

Suitable rock – thermal limitation

> Rock properties & availability ?







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- Store thermal energy from gas turbine exhaust
- Stored heat used for steam power cycle
- Storage temperature: ≈ 500 600 °C







Prediction of pressure drop and heat transfer?

- Influence of particle shape, roughness, alignment?
- Existing pressure drop equations: Inadequate

Rock: under-predicts; up to 5 times [Shitzer and Levy, 1983]

• Heat transfer characteristics of rock beds:

> Very little data at high temperature ( $\geq$  500 °C)

Tension: heat transfer and pressure drop

• Optimum bed length ? Particle size ? Mass flux ?

Particle size

Heat transfer

Pressure drop





## Samples of some particle types tested

















## Test section size and packing method

#### Cross-current packing direction





# Co-current packing direction (or counter-current)























### Temperature profile? Heat transfer?



### Heat transfer test – glass spheres

















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## Rock suitability: thermal stress







Pressure drop

- > Importance of particle shape, roughness, arrangement
- No general correlation
- Temperature profile & heat transfer
  - $\succ$  Existing correlations & numerical model work well up to  $\approx$  100 °C
  - Need to check radiation at higher temperatures
- Rock suitability & availability
  - Potentially suitable rock available in South Africa



