

Solar@UP: Solar-dish Brayton cycle

Dr WG Le Roux

Department of Mechanical and Aeronautical Engineering,
University of Pretoria

willem.leroux@up.ac.za

18 July 2019
STERG Symposium



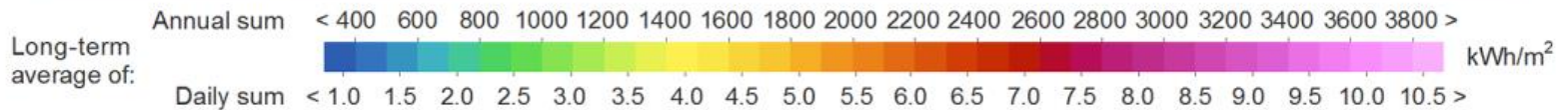
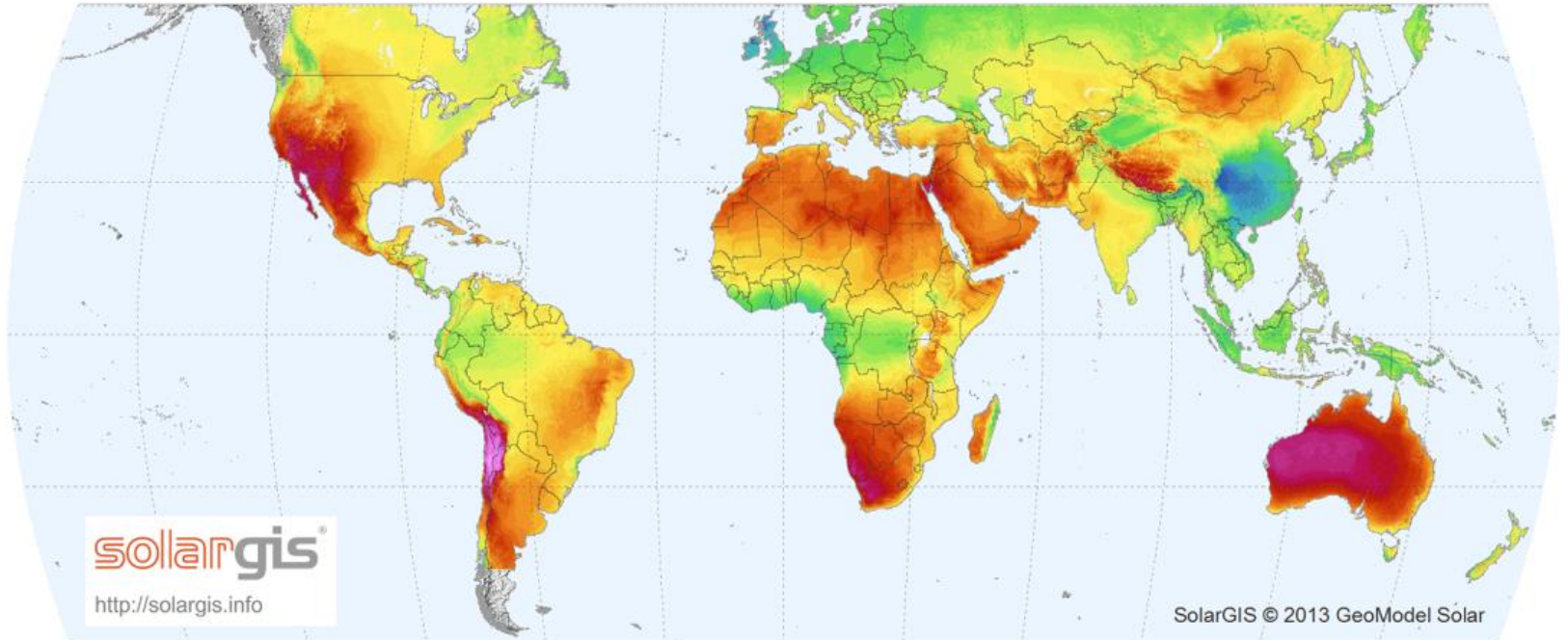
UNIVERSITEIT VAN PRETORIA
UNIVERSITY OF PRETORIA
YUNIBESITHI YA PRETORIA

Denkleiers • Leading Minds • Dikgopolo tša Dihlalefi

Background

WORLD MAP OF DIRECT NORMAL IRRADIATION

GeoModel
SOLAR



Long-term average of direct normal solar irradiance on a world map showing the potential of solar power generation in southern Africa (GeoModel Solar, 2014)

Background

*South Africa has one of the **best solar resources in the world** and this resource is free to use and study for all South Africans, who should take the lead in this field in terms of*

- *skills development,*
- *training and*
- *product manufacturing.*

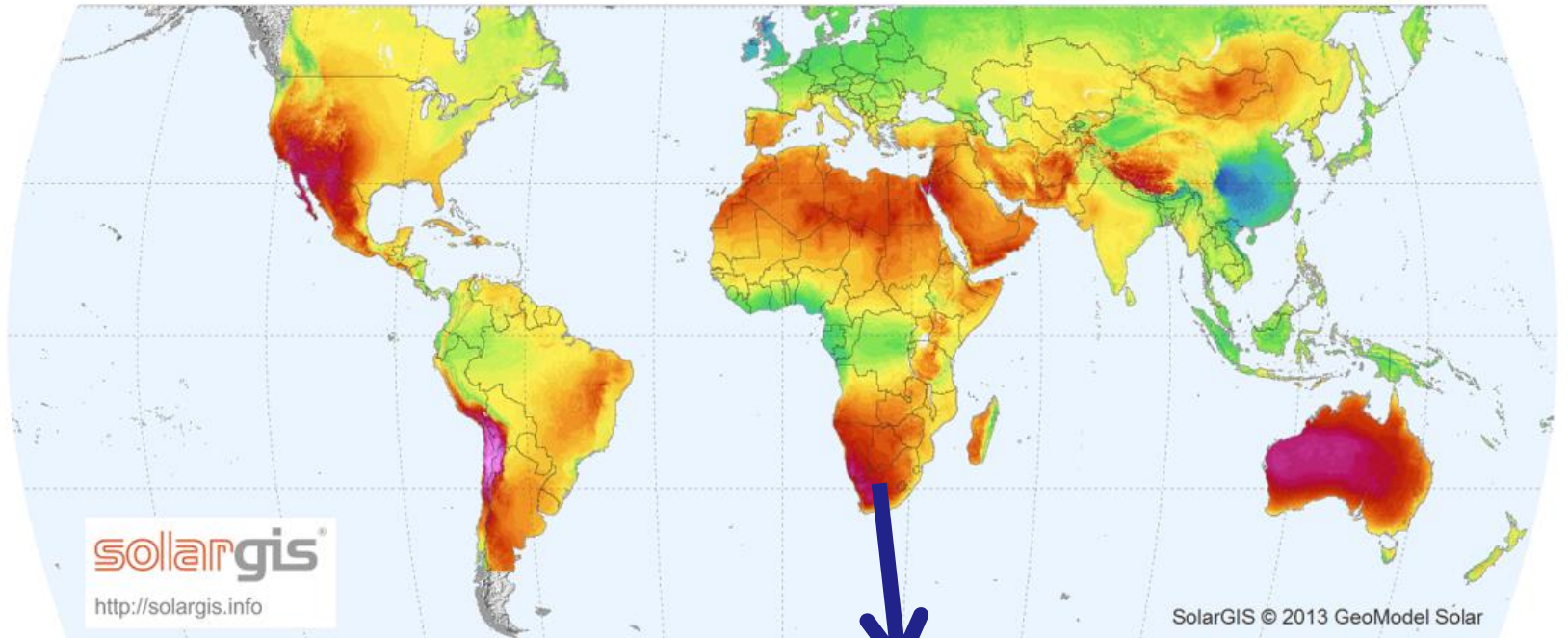
The research and development of solar dish technologies is a new and exciting research field in which all South African researchers of all age, race and gender can take the lead.

- Dr WG le Roux

Background

WORLD MAP OF DIRECT NORMAL IRRADIATION

GeoModel
SOLAR

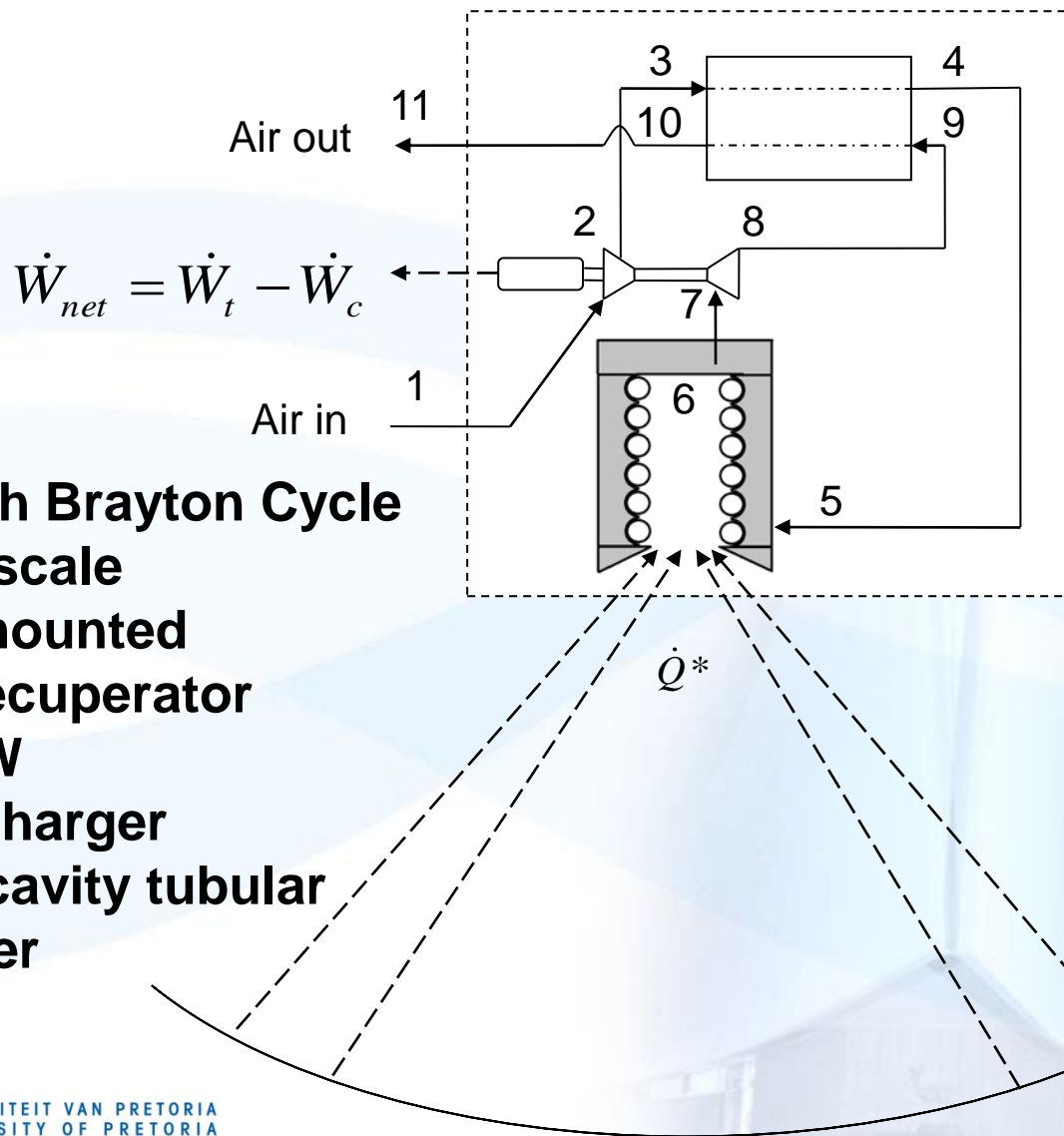


solargis
<http://solargis.info>

SolarGIS © 2013 GeoModel Solar

1. Power generation
2. Water purification
3. Fuel production





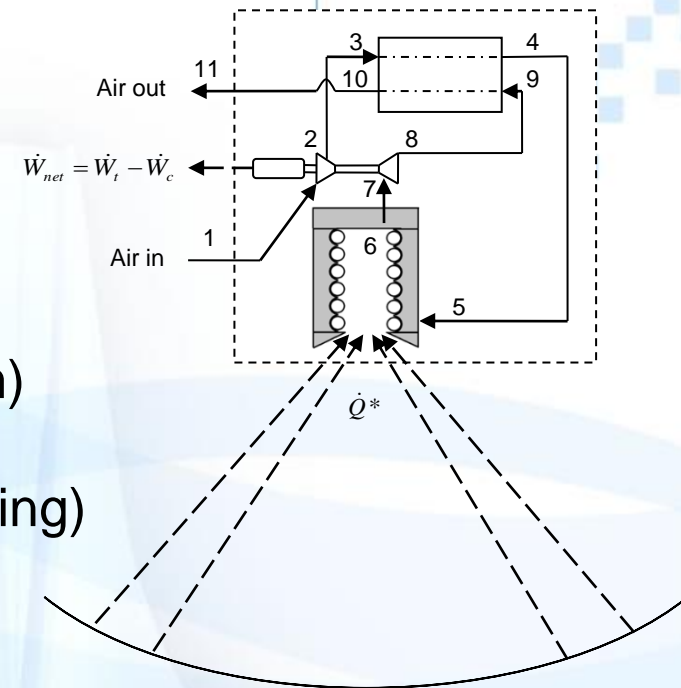
LE ROUX WG, MEYER JP;
 Clean Energy for Sustainable
 Development, 1st Edition:
 Comparisons and Contrasts of
 New Approaches, Chapter 6
 (Small-scale Dish-Mounted
 Solar Thermal Brayton
 Cycle), pp. 167–190, 2017.

Solar-Dish Brayton Cycle

- small-scale
- dish-mounted
- with recuperator
- 1-20kW
- turbocharger
- open-cavity tubular receiver

Solar thermal Brayton cycle advantages

- Air as working fluid
 - Turbocharger as micro-turbine
 - Can also be powered with gas (hybrid system)
 - Water heating (cogeneration)
 - High efficiency potential (reheat and intercooling)
 - Mobility
 - Cost benefits (bulk manufacturing)
 - Thermal storage
-
- Quicker to commercialise (prototyping is quicker and cheaper)
 - Large-scale local manufacturing – good for the economy (good for South Africa)
 - Micro-grids



Open cavity tubular receiver



Receiver dimensions optimised in a previous work (Le Roux et al., 2014)

LE ROUX WG, BELLO-OCHEENDE T and MEYER JP; The efficiency of an open-cavity tubular solar receiver for a small-scale solar thermal Brayton cycle, Energy Conversion and Management 84: 457-470, 2014.

Solar @ UP – Solar dish



Solar receiver testing



Receiver outlet

Insulated receiver

Receiver inlet

Blower and anemometer

Combustion unit

WOLFF TM, LE ROUX WG and MEYER JP; Heat loss analysis for a cavity solar receiver, 16th International Heat Transfer Conference (IHTC-16), Beijing, China, 10-15 August, 2018.

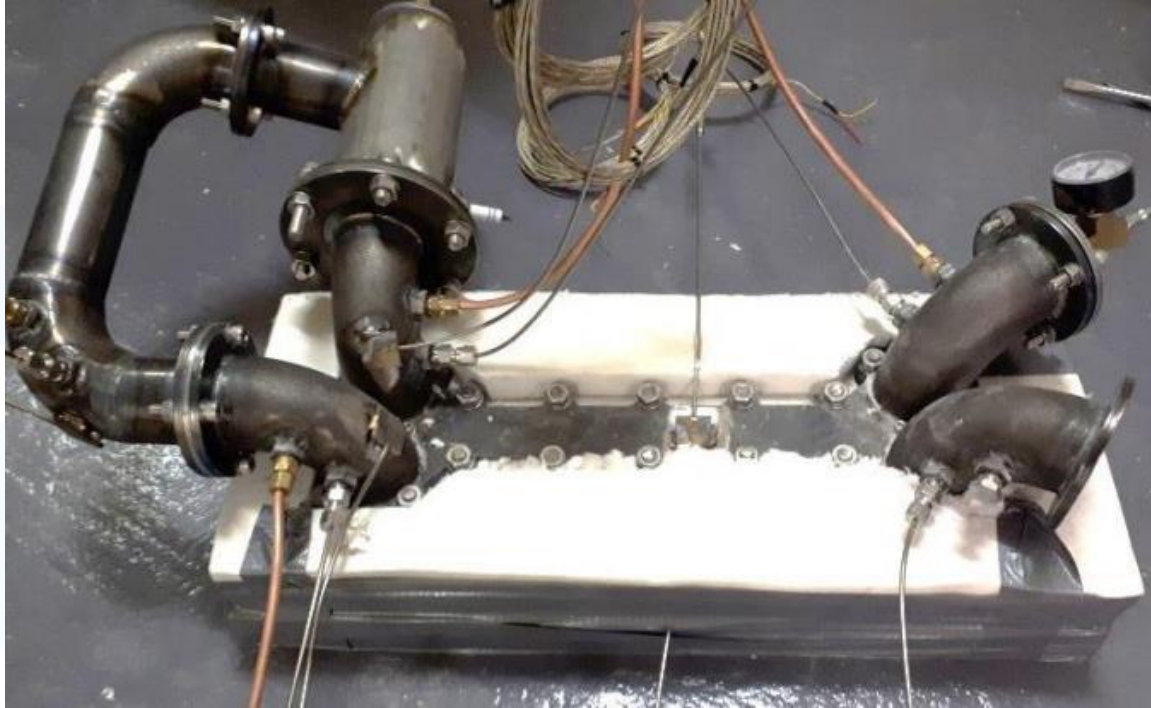
Moonlight testing for flux mapping



WOLFF TM, LE ROUX WG and MEYER JP; Analysis of a parabolic dish solar collector via lunar flux mapping, 5th Southern African Solar Energy Conference (SASEC2018), Durban, 25-27 June, 2018.



Recuperator testing



DELLAR K, LE ROUX WG and MEYER JP; Experimental testing of a small-scale solar thermal Brayton cycle recuperator, 16th International Heat Transfer Conference (IHTC-16), Beijing, China, 10-15 August, 2018.

DELLAR K, LE ROUX WG and MEYER JP; Small-scale solar thermal Brayton cycle recuperator: Experimental testing and heat loss analysis, 5th Southern African Solar Energy Conference (SASEC2018), Durban, 25-27 June, 2018.

Acknowledgement

Technology Innovation Agency (TIA)



UNIVERSITEIT VAN PRETORIA
UNIVERSITY OF PRETORIA
YUNIBESITHI YA PRETORIA

Denkelaers • Leading Minds • Dikgopolo tša Dihlalefi

Thank you

Questions?

willem.leroux@up.ac.za

